

**510(k) SUBSTANTIAL EQUIVALENCE DETERMINATION  
DECISION SUMMARY  
ASSAY ONLY TEMPLATE**

**A. 510(k) Number:**

**K060214**

**B. Purpose for Submission:**

Submission of the antibiotic tetracycline at concentrations of 0.5 - 16 µg/mL for additional organism groups to the Gram Negative and Gram Positive ID/AST and AST only Phoenix™ panels.

**C. Measurand:**

Tetracycline at 0.5 - 16 µg/mL

**D. Type of Test:**

Antimicrobial Susceptibility Test (Quantitative and Qualitative) colorimetric oxidation-reduction, growth-based

**E. Applicant:**

Becton, Dickinson & Company

**F. Proprietary and Established Names:**

BD Phoenix™ Automated Microbiology System – Tetracycline 0.5 – 16 µg/mL Gram Negative (GN) panel and Gram Positive panel (GP)

**G. Regulatory Information:**

1. Regulation section:  
21 CFR 866.1645 Fully Automated Short-Term Incubation Cycle Antimicrobial
2. Classification:  
Class II
3. Product Code:  
LON
4. Panel:  
83 Microbiology

**H. Intended Use:**

1. Intended use(s):  
Tetracycline at concentrations of 0.5 - 16 µg/mL on the Phoenix™ Gram Negative and Gram Positive ID/AST or AST only panel is intended for use with the Phoenix™ system in clinical laboratories as an *in vitro* test to determine the susceptibility of most Gram-negative aerobic and facultative

anaerobic bacteria isolates from pure culture for *Enterobacteriaceae* and non-*Enterobacteriaceae*, and gram-positive bacteria belonging to the genera *Staphylococcus*, *Enterococcus* and *Streptococcus*, to antimicrobial agents when used as instructed in the Phoenix™ system user's manual.

The BD Phoenix™ Automated Microbiology System is intended for the *in vitro* quantitative determination of antimicrobial susceptibility by minimal inhibitory concentration (MIC) of most gram-negative aerobic and facultative anaerobic bacteria belonging to the family *Enterobacteriaceae* and Non - *Enterobacteriaceae* and most gram-positive bacteria isolates from pure culture belonging to the genera *Staphylococcus*, *Enterococcus* and *Streptococcus*.

2. Indication(s) for use:

This submission is for the addition of the antibiotic tetracycline at concentrations of 0.5 – 16 µg/mL for additional organism groups to the Phoenix™ GN and GP ID/AST and AST only panels.

3. Special condition for use statement(s):

Prescription Use Only

4. Special instrument Requirements:

Not Applicable

### **I. Device Description:**

The BD Phoenix™ Automated Microbiology System includes instrumentation and software, sealed and self-inoculating molded polystyrene trays with 136 micro-wells containing dried reagents, and specific inoculum broth formulations for ID and AST Indicator. The organism to be tested must be a pure culture and be preliminarily identified as gram positive or gram negative. Colonies are then suspended in broth, and equated to a 0.5 McFarland with the recommendation to use the BD CrystalSpec™ Nephelometer. A further dilution is made into an AST broth, which contains an AST indicator, prior to inoculating the panel. The AST broth is a cation-adjusted broth containing Tween 80. After adding the indicator solution to the AST inoculum, the color is blue, and after inoculation and incubation, it changes to pink then colorless as reduction in the panel well proceeds. Inoculated panels are barcode scanned and loaded into the BD Phoenix™ Automated Microbiology System instrument where the panels are continuously incubated at 35°C. The resulting AST has a final inoculum of  $5 \times 10^5$  CFU/ml. The instrument incubates, reads and records the results of the biochemical substrates and antimicrobial agents and interprets the reactions to give an ID of the isolate and MIC value and category interpretation of the antimicrobial agents. Organisms growing in the presence of a given antimicrobial agent reduce the indicator, signaling organism growth and resistance to the antimicrobial agent. Organisms killed or inhibited by a given antimicrobial do not cause reduction of the indicator and therefore do not produce a color change. Additional interpretation is done using software driven "EXPERT" System using rules derived from the Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute (CLSI). Readings are taken every 20 minutes with an ID result available

between 2-12 hours and an AST result available between 4-16 hours. This is only an autoread result; there are no manual readings possible.

**J. Substantial Equivalence Information:**

1. Predicate device name(s):  
VITEK® System
2. Predicate K number(s):  
N50510
3. Comparison with predicate:

<b>Similarities</b>		
<b>Item</b>	<b>Device</b>	<b>Predicate</b>
Intended use	Intended for the <i>in vitro</i> rapid identification (ID) and quantitative determination of antimicrobial susceptibility by minimal inhibitory concentration (MIC) of most bacteria.	same
Isolates	Isolated colonies from culture used	Isolated colonies from culture used
Results	Report results as minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) and categorical interpretation (SIR)	Report results as minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) and categorical interpretation (SIR)
Incubation conditions	<16 hours	<16 hours
Type of Test	Automated	Automated

<b>Differences</b>		
<b>Item</b>	<b>Device</b>	<b>Predicate</b>
Reading algorithm	Results are determined from serial twofold dilutions of antimicrobial agents	Results are determined from extrapolation of doubling dilutions
Technology	Automated growth based enhanced by use of a redox indicator (colorimetric oxidation-reduction) to detect organism growth.	Automated growth based with detection using an attenuation of light measured by an optical scanner.

**K. Standard/Guidance Document Referenced (if applicable):**

“Class II Special Controls Guidance Document: Antimicrobial Susceptibility Test (AST) Systems; Guidance for Industry and FDA”; CLSI M7 (M100-S16) “Methods

for Dilution Antimicrobial Susceptibility Tests for Bacteria That Grow Aerobically; Approved Standard.”

#### L. Test Principle:

The AST portion of the BD Phoenix™ Automated Microbiology System is a broth based microdilution method that utilizes a redox indicator (colorimetric oxidation-reduction) to enhance detection of organism growth. The MIC is determined by comparing growth in wells containing serial two-fold dilutions of an antibiotic to the growth in “growth control wells” which contain no antibiotic.

#### M. Performance Characteristics (if/when applicable):

##### 1. Analytical performance:

###### a. Precision/Reproducibility

Intersite and Intrasite testing demonstrated >95% reproducibility. The ten isolate study described in the guidance document was used (10 organisms tested 3 times on 3 days at 3 sites).

###### b. Linearity/assay reportable range:

Not applicable

###### c. Traceability, Stability, Expected values (controls, calibrators, or method):

Organism	Concentration µg/mL	Reference results	Phoenix™ results	Organism	Concentration µg/mL	Reference results	Phoenix™ results
<i>E. coli</i> ATCC 25922	<=0.5	2	340	<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> ATCC 27853 Expected range 8-32 µg/mL	<=0.5		
Expected range	1	366	43		1	1	
0.5-2 µg/mL	2	5			2		
	4				4		
	8				8		29
	16	1	1		16	209	289
	>16				>16	113	55

Organism	Concentration µg/mL	Reference results	Phoenix™ results	Organism	Concentration µg/mL	Reference results	Phoenix™ results
<i>S. aureus</i> ATCC 29213	<=0.5	241	247	<i>E. faecalis</i> ATCC 29212 Expected Range 8- 32 µg/mL	<=0.5		1
Expected range	1	3			1	1	
0.12 - 1 µg/mL	2				2		
	4		1		4		
	8				8	47	161
	16				16	192	84
	>16			>16	1	1	

Inoculum density control: The organism suspension density of the ID broth was equivalent to a 0.5 McFarland standard using the BBL™ CrystalSpec™ Nephelometer which was verified each day of testing.

Internal data was used to demonstrate that the use of the BBL™ CrystalSpec™ Nephelometer would produce reproducible results. Five different instruments were used.

- d. Detection limit:**  
Not applicable
- e. Analytical specificity:**  
Not applicable
- f. Assay cut-off:**  
Not applicable

2. Comparison studies:

**a. Method comparison with predicate device:**

The broth dilution reference panel was prepared according to the CLSI recommendation and used to compare with the Phoenix™ results. Clinical testing was performed at four sites. The testing included both fresh clinical isolates and stock isolates along with a challenge set with known results. Performance charts below include all data, original and the additional organisms for fresh and challenge organisms.

**GN Clinical and Challenge Cleared data with Additional Organisms**

	EA Tot	EA N	EA %	Eval EA Tot	Eval EA N	Eval EA %	CA Tot	CA N	CA %	#R	min	maj	vmj
<b>Combined</b>	<b>2837</b>	<b>2708</b>	<b>95.5</b>	<b>1544</b>	<b>1431</b>	<b>92.7</b>	<b>2161</b>	<b>1990</b>	<b>92.1</b>	<b>618</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>13</b>

**GP Clinical and Challenge Cleared Data with Additional Organisms**

	EA Tot	EA N	EA %	Eval EA Tot	Eval EA N	Eval EA %	CA Tot	CA N	CA %	#R	min	maj	vmj
<b>Combined</b>	<b>2040</b>	<b>1977</b>	<b>96.9</b>	<b>306</b>	<b>261</b>	<b>85.3</b>	<b>2040</b>	<b>1969</b>	<b>96.5</b>	<b>557</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>5</b>

**EA**-Essential Agreement

**CA**-Category Agreement

**R**-resistant isolates

Essential agreement (EA) is when the BD Phoenix™ panels agree with the reference test panel results exactly or within one doubling dilution of the reference method.

Category agreement (CA) is when the BD Phoenix™ panel result interpretation agrees exactly with the reference panel result interpretation. Evaluable (Eval) are results that are within the test range and on scale.

**maj**-major discrepancies

**vmj**-very major discrepancies

**min**- minor discrepancies

The test device had a growth rate of >95%, and the performance data are acceptable.

- b. Matrix comparison:**  
Not applicable

3. Clinical studies:

- a. Clinical sensitivity:**  
Not applicable
- b. Clinical specificity:**  
Not applicable

*c. Other clinical supportive data (when a and b are not applicable):*

Not applicable

4. Clinical cut-off:

Not applicable

5. Expected values/Reference range:

Interpretive criteria =  $\leq 4$  (S), 8 (I),  $\geq 16$  (R)

**N. Labeling**

The expected value range, interpretive criteria and QC for tetracycline utilized in gram negative panels and in gram positive panels are included in the package insert. The labeling is sufficient and it satisfies the requirements of 21 CFR Part 809.10.

**O. Conclusion:**

The submitted information in this premarket notification is complete and supports a substantial equivalence decision

